Trade with Canada and Mexico supports nearly 14 million U.S. jobs, and nearly 5 million of these jobs are supported by the increase in trade facilitated by NAFTA.

The expansion of trade unleashed by NAFTA supports tens of thousands of jobs in each of the 50 states—and more than 100,000 jobs in each of 35 states.

U.S. manufacturers added more than 800,000 jobs in the four years after NAFTA entered into force.

It would be difficult to name another budget neutral policy initiative undertaken by the U.S. government that has generated jobs on a scale comparable to NAFTA.

**FICTION**

Production and jobs left as a result of NAFTA.

Trade is at fault for the shift in the U.S. economy from a mainly manufacturing economy to a services economy.

Millions of jobs were lost as a result of NAFTA.

**FACT**

Nearly 5 million U.S. jobs today are supported by the increase in trade facilitated by NAFTA.

Between 2000 and 2010, 86% of manufacturing job losses in the U.S. were the result of productivity growth stemming from new technologies, having little to do with international trade.

Of the 31 million total jobs lost involuntarily in the U.S from 1994 to 2002, less than 2% were attributable to NAFTA. As the economy grew and changed during this period, tens of millions more jobs were created.